



Model Name: T645HW05 V0

Issue Date : 2010/8/12

(*)Preliminary Specifications

()Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date
Approved By _____		Approval By PM Director <i>Yenting Chiu</i> _____	
Note		Reviewed By RD Director <i>Eugene Chen</i> _____	
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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2010/08/12		First release

1. General Description

This specification applies to the 64.5 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T645HW05 V0. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920 x 1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 46 inch. This module supports 1920 x 1080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T645HW05 V0 has been designed to apply the 10-bit 4 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	64.53	inch	
Display Area	1428.48 (H) x 803.52 (V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1508.0(H) x 878.0(V) x 12.8(D)	mm	
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	10 bit, 1.07B	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1920 x 1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.744	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	HC, 3H		

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

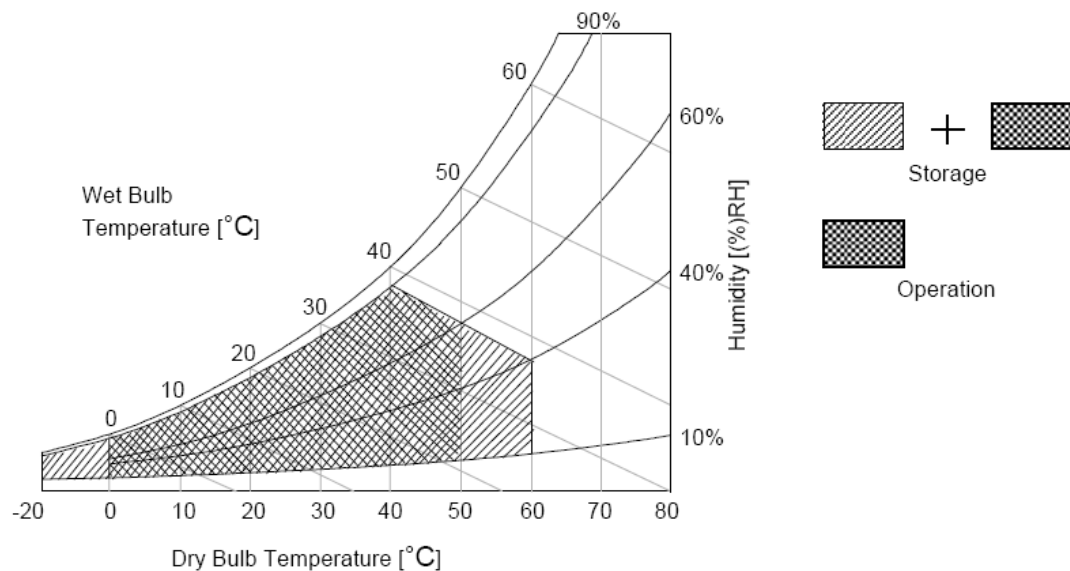
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	V_{in}	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST	-	65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39°C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition



3. Electrical Specification

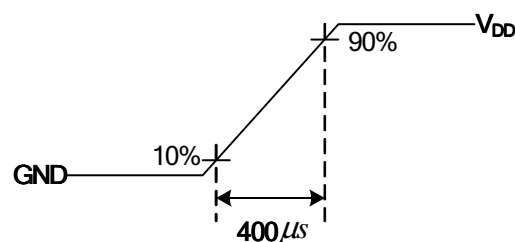
The T645HW05 V0 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input for BLU is to power inverter.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

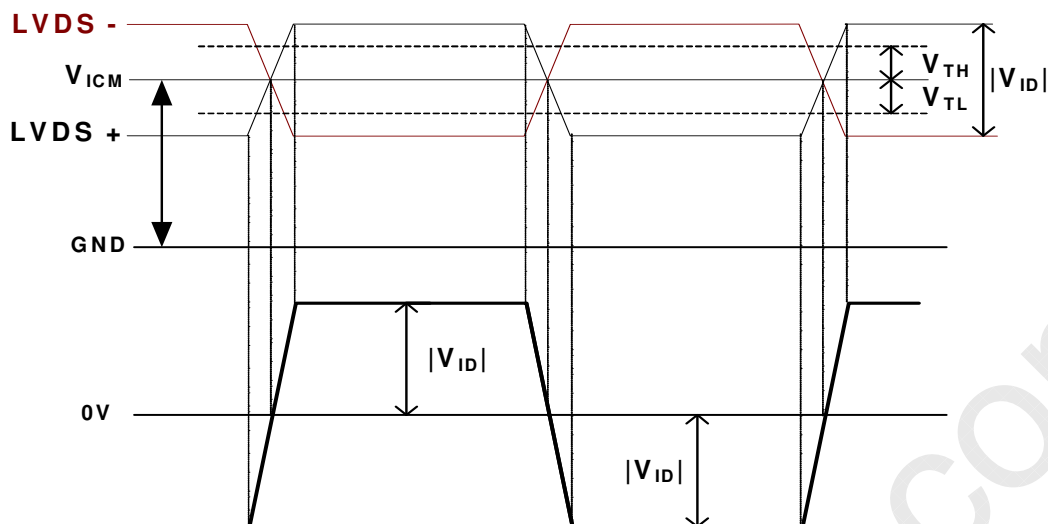
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max		
LCD							
Power Supply Input Voltage		V_{DD}	10.8	12.0	13.2	V_{DC}	1
Power Supply Input Current		I_{DD}	0.6	1.2	1.8	A	2
Power Consumption		P_C	7.92	14.4	19.44	Watt	2
Inrush Current		I_{RUSH}	--	--	13	A	3
LVDS Interface	Input Differential Voltage	$ V_{ID} $	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	4
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{TH}	+100	--	+300	4	4
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{TL}	-300	--	-100	4	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V_{ICM}	1.10	1.25	1.40	V_{DC}	4
CMOS Interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{IH} (High)	2.7	--	3.3	V_{DC}	--
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{IL} (Low)	0	--	0.6	V_{DC}	--
Backlight Power Consumption		P_{BL}		200		Watt	--
Life Time			30,000		--	Hours	--

Note :

1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}
2. $V_{DD} = 12.0V$, $F_v = 120Hz$, $F_{CLK} = 82MHz$, $25^\circ C$, Test Pattern : White Pattern
>> refer to "Section:3.3 Signal Timing Specification, Typical timing"
3. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us



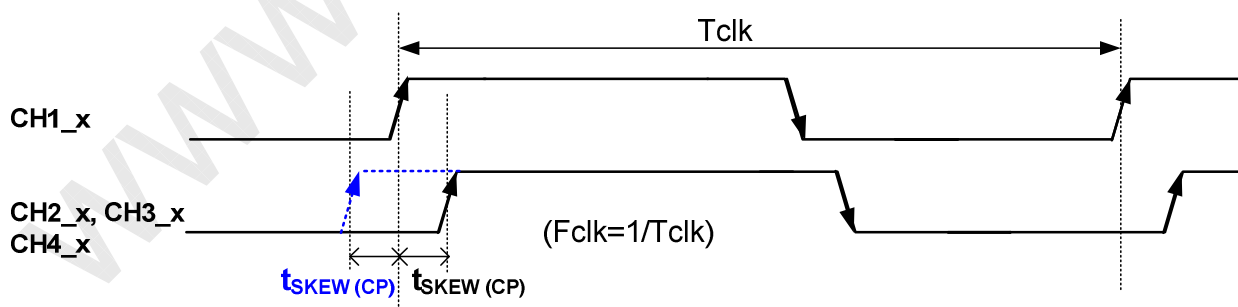
4. $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



3.2 AC Electrical Characteristics

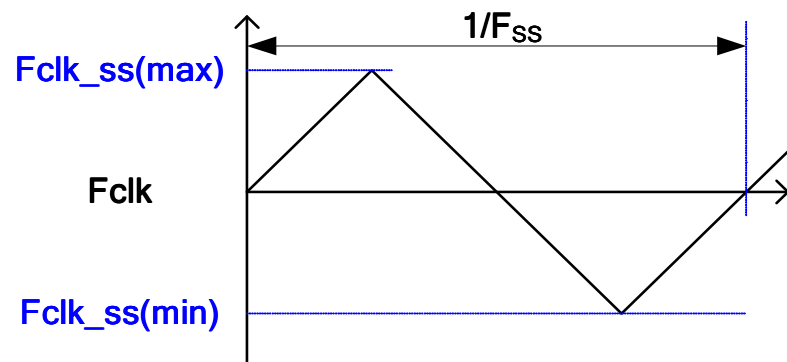
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max		
LVDS Interface	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	$t_{SKEW (CP)}$	-500	--	+500	ps	1
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%	--	Fclk +3%	MHz	2
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30	--	200	KHz	2
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5	-- --	0.4 0.5	ns	3

1. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



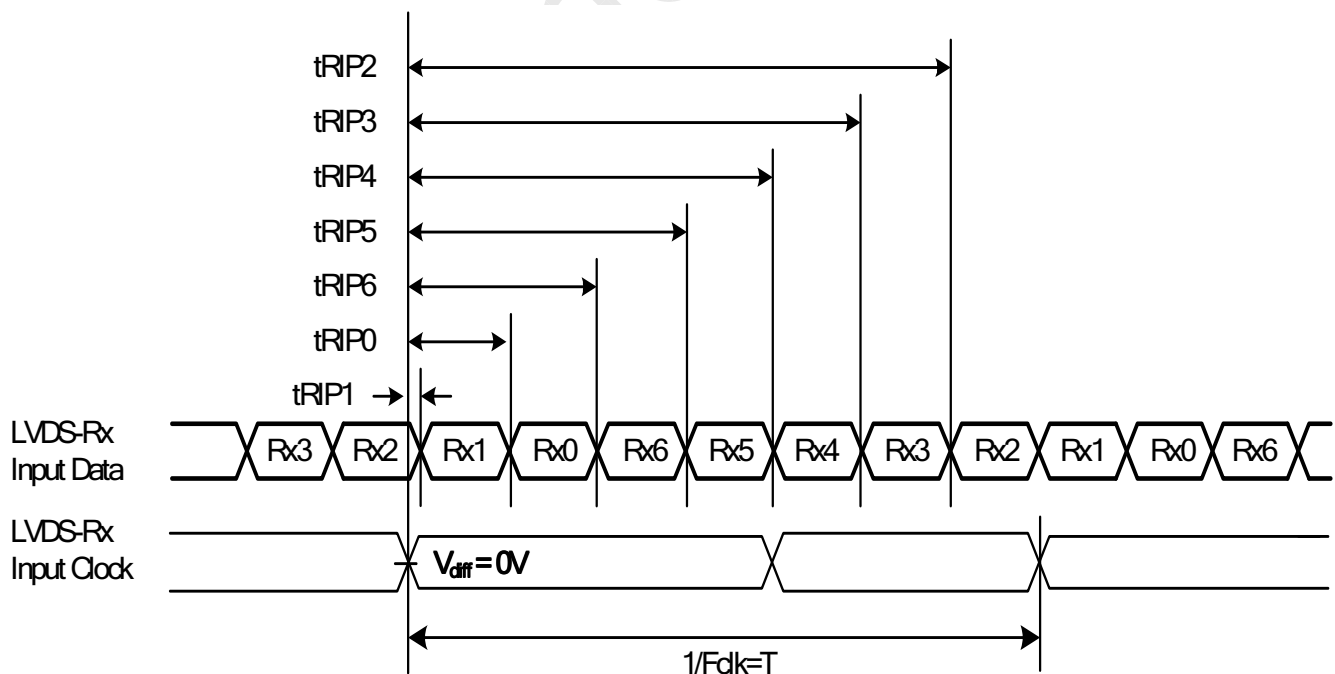
Note: $x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$

2. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures



3. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit	Note
		Min	Type	Max		
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)	--	Fclk (max)	MHz	$T=1/F_{clk}$
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	$T/7- tRMG $	$T/7$	$T/7+ tRMG $	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	$2T/7- tRMG $	$2T/7$	$2T/7+ tRMG $	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	$3T/7- tRMG $	$3T/7$	$3T/7+ tRMG $	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	$4T/7- tRMG $	$4T/7$	$4T/7+ tRMG $	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	$5T/7- tRMG $	$5T/7$	$5T/7+ tRMG $	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	$6T/7- tRMG $	$6T/7$	$6T/7+ tRMG $	ns	





3.3 Interface Connections

LCD connector: FI-RE51S-HF (Manufactured by JAE)

Mating connector: FI-RE51S-HL (Manufactured by JAE)

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	VDD	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	26	CH4_0+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0+
2	VDD	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	27	CH4_1-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1-
3	VDD	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	28	CH4_1+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1+
4	VDD	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	29	CH4_2-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2-
5	VDD	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	30	CH4_2+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2+
6	GND	Ground	31	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground	32	CH4_CLK-	LVDS Channel 4, Clock -
8	GND	Ground	33	CH4_CLK+	LVDS Channel 4, Clock +
9	GND	Ground	34	GND	Ground
10	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-	35	CH4_3-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3-
11	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+	36	CH4_3+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3+
12	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-	37	CH4_4-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4-
13	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+	38	CH4_4+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4+
14	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-	39	GND	Ground
15	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+	40	Reverse	AUO Internal Use Only
16	GND	Ground	41	Reverse	AUO Internal Use Only
17	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -	42	Reverse	AUO Internal Use Only
18	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +	43	Reverse	AUO Internal Use Only
19	GND	Ground	44	Reverse	AUO Internal Use Only
20	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-	45	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
21	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+	46	Reverse	AUO Internal Use Only
22	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-	47	3D_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for 2D, Low(GND) for 3D
23	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+	48	BITSEL	Open/High(3.3V) for 10bit, Low(GND) for 8bit
24	GND	Ground	49	Reverse	AUO Internal Use Only
25	CH4_0-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0-	50	Reverse	AUO Internal Use Only
			51	Reverse	AUO Internal Use Only

LCD connector: FI-RE41S-HF (Manufactured by JAE)

Mating connector: FI-RE41S-HL (Manufactured by JAE)

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	21	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+
2	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	22	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-
3	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	23	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+
4	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	24	GND	Ground
5	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	25	CH3_0-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0-
6	GND	Ground	26	CH3_0+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0+
7	GND	Ground	27	CH3_1-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1-
8	GND	Ground	28	CH3_1+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1+
9	GND	Ground	29	CH3_2-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2-
10	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	30	CH3_2+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2+
11	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	31	GND	Ground
12	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	32	CH3_CLK-	LVDS Channel 3, Clock -
13	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	33	CH3_CLK+	LVDS Channel 3, Clock +
14	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	34	GND	Ground
15	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	35	CH3_3-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3-
16	GND	Ground	36	CH3_3+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3+
17	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	37	CH3_4-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4-
18	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	38	CH3_4+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4+
19	GND	Ground	39	GND	Ground
20	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	40	NC	No Connect
			41	NC	No Connect

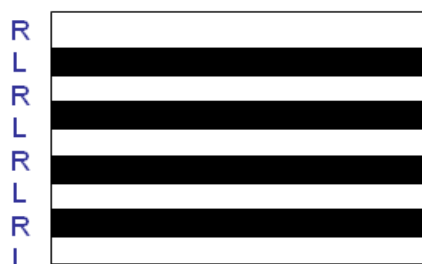
Note 1: All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.

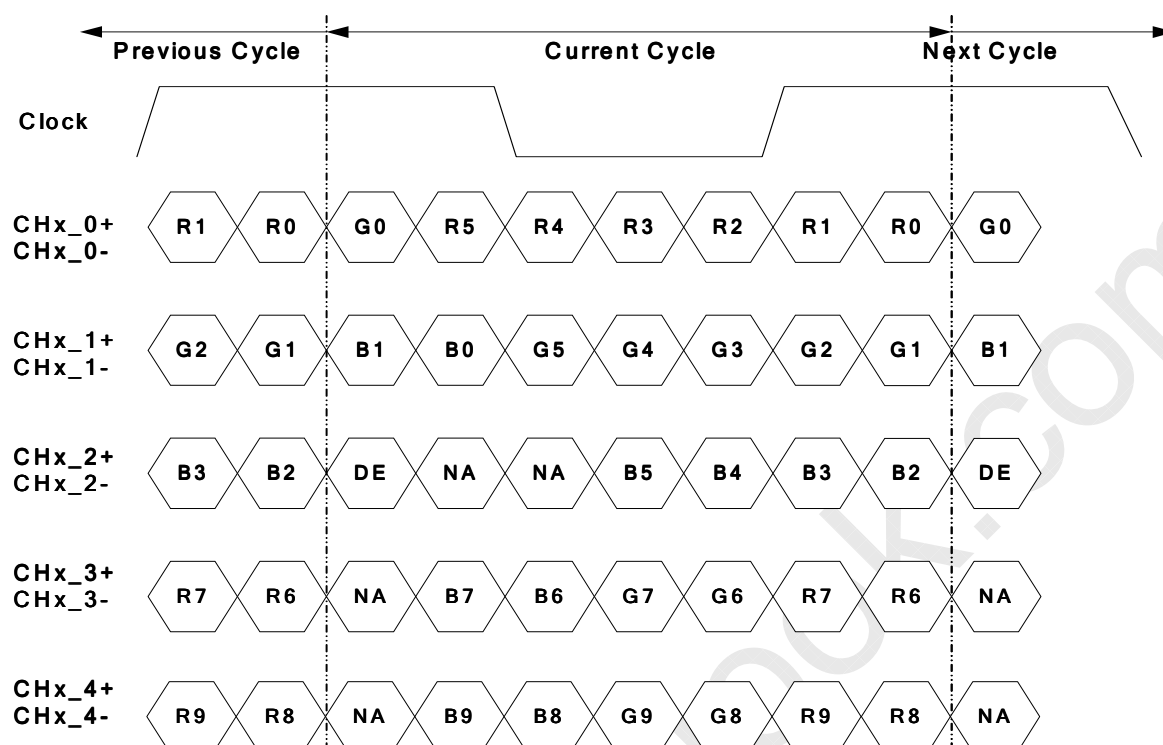
Note 2: All V_{DD} (power input) pins should be connected together.

Note 3: All Reserved pins should be open without voltage input.

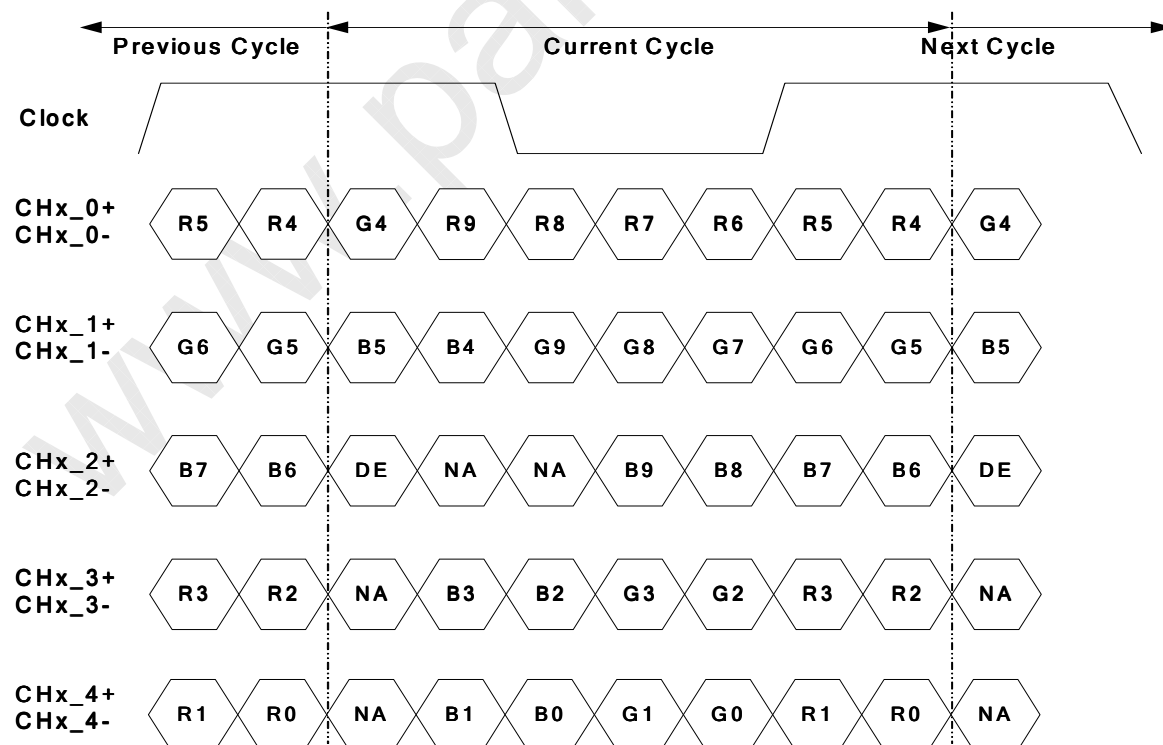
Note 4: All NC pins should be open without voltage input

Note 5: Signal should be sent as following sequence: 1st line: right eye, 2nd line: left eye (T-con on upper side)



LVDS Option = High/Open→NS


Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA


Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

3.4 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
Vertical Section	Period	Tv	1090	1130	1392	Th
	Active	Tdisp (v)	1080			Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	50	312	Th
Horizontal Section	Period	Th	540	570	580	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp (h)	480			Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	60	90	100	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	64.8	77.29	80.74	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	94	120	122	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	120	135.6	139.2	KHz

Notes:

(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

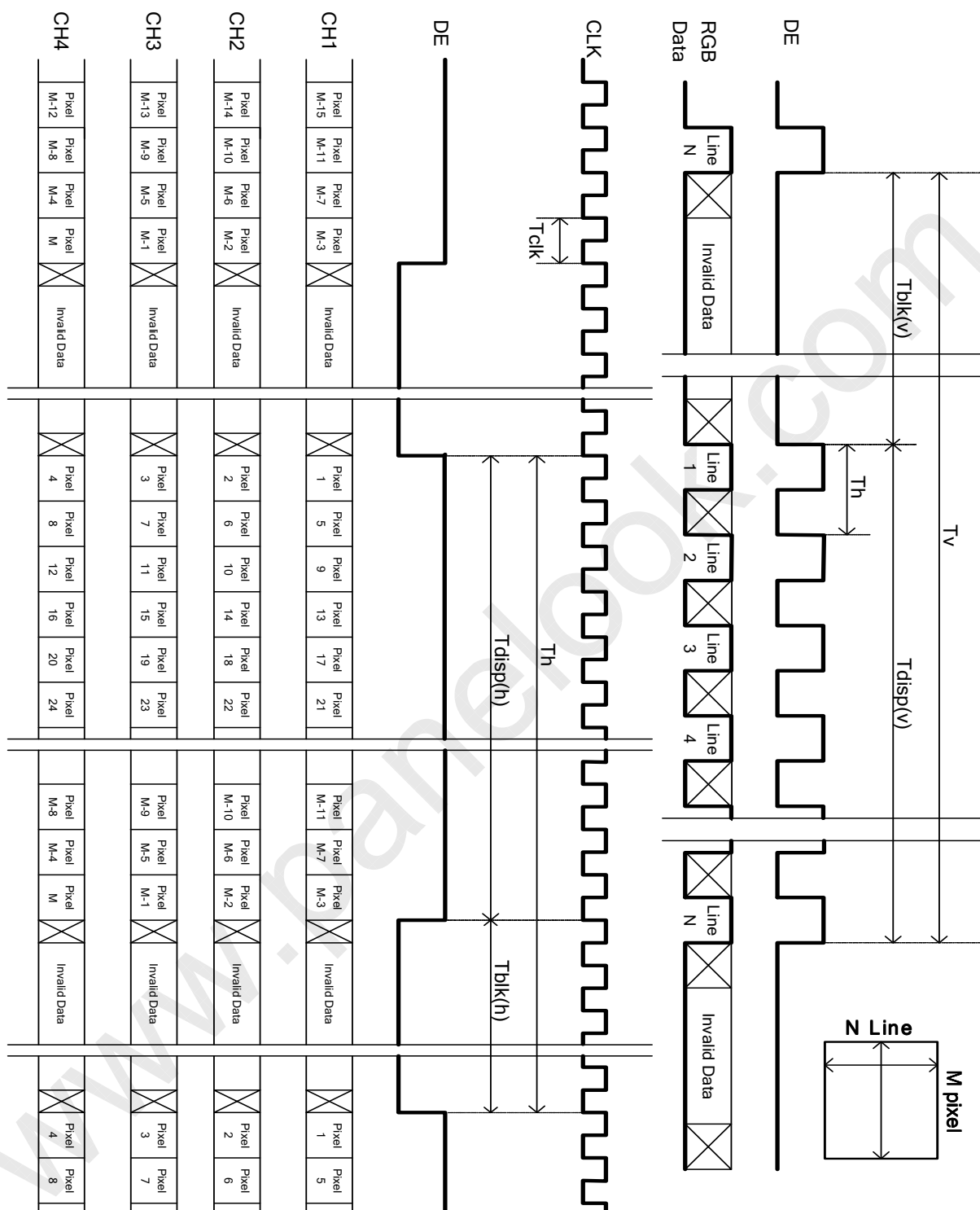
Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

(2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a “Low” level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.

(3) If a period of DE “High” is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.

(4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE “High” and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.

3.5 Signal Timing Waveforms



3.6 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Color Data Reference

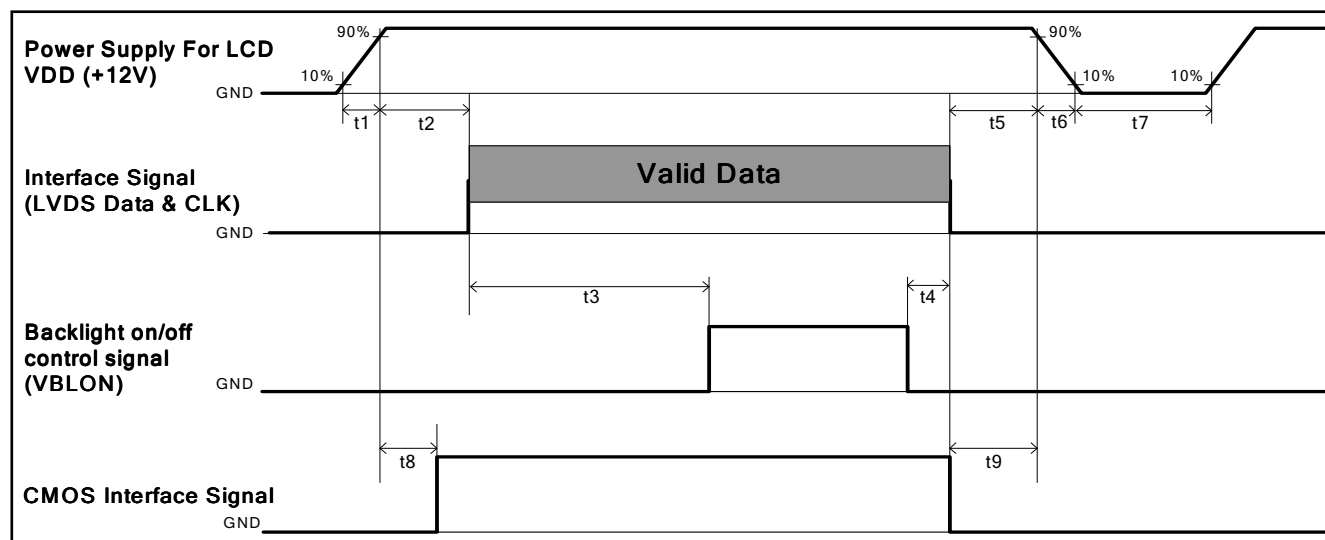
Color		Input Color Data																															
		RED										GREEN										BLUE											
		MSB					LSB					MSB					LSB					MSB						LSB					
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0		
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
R	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

	RED(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	RED(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
G	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
B	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		

	BLUE(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
	BLUE(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

3.7 Power Sequence for LCD



Parameter	Values			Unit
	Min.	Type.	Max.	
t1	0.4	---	30	ms
t2	0.1	---	50	ms
t3	450	---	---	ms
t4	0 ^{*1}	---	---	ms
t5	0	---	---	ms
t6	---	---	--- ^{*2}	ms
t7	500	---	---	ms
t8	10	---	50	ms
t9	0	---	---	ms

Note:

(1) T4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) T6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

3.8 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 8pcs LED lightbar

3.8.1 Electrical specification

	Item	Symbol		Condition	Spec			Unit	Note
					Min	Typ	Max		
1	Input Voltage	VDDB		-	22.8	24	25.2	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I _{DDB}		VDDB=24V		8.33	8.41	ADC	1
3	Input Power	P _{DDB}		VDDB=24V		200	212	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I _{RUSH}		VDDB=24V	-	-	13	ADC	2
5	On/Off control voltage	V _{BLOn}	ON	2 0	-	5.5		VDC	-
			OFF		-	0.8			-
6	On/Off control current	I _{BLOn}		VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
7	Dimming Control Voltage	V _{DIM}	MAX	3.0 -	-	3.3		VDC	-
			MIN		0	-		VDC	-
8	Dimming Control Current	I _{DIM}		VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	Internal Dimming Ratio	DIM_R		VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
10	External PWM Control Voltage	V _{EPWM}	MAX	2	-	3.3		VDC	-
			MIN	0	-	0.8			-
11	External PWM Control Current	I _{EPWM}		VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
12	External PWM Duty ratio	D _{EPWM}		VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
13	External PWM Frequency	F _{EPWM}		VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25±5℃, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

Note 3: Less than 10% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened

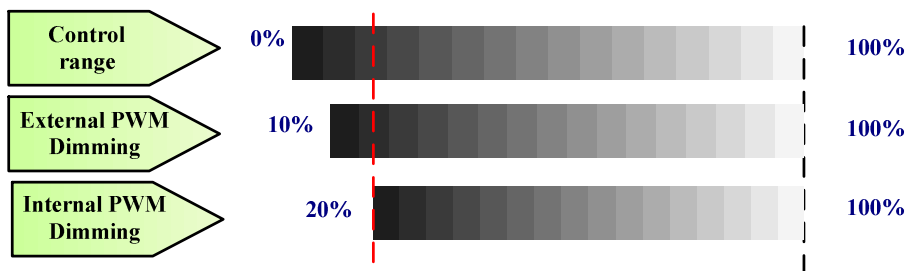
3.8.2 Input Pin Assignment

14pin pin assignment

Pin NO.	Symbol	Pin Configuration (function)
1	VDDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector (Recommend Pull high R > 10K, VDD = 3.3V)
12	VBLON	BL On-Off: High/Open (2.0V~5.5V) for BL On, Low (GND) for off
13	Internal PWM(VDIM)	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 10~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at External PWM mode>
14	External PWM (PDIM)	External PWM (10%~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at Internal PWM mode>

12pin pin assignment

Pin NO.	Symbol	Pin Configuration (function)
1	VDDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	NC	NC
12	NC	NC



PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming

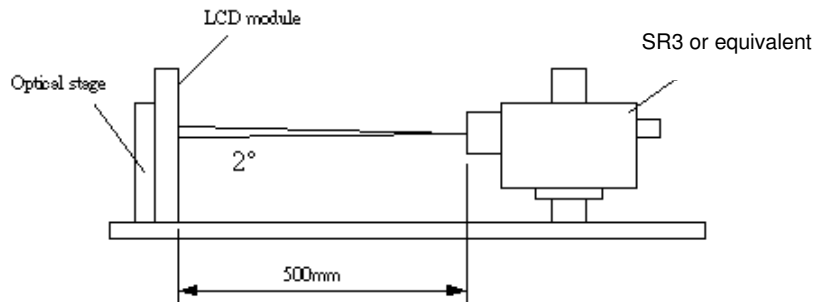
(Note*) IF External PWM function includes 10% dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

- (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.
- (3) Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min.	Typ.	Max		
Contrast Ratio (2D)	CR	4,000	5,000	--		1
Contrast Ratio (3D)	CR	800	1,000	--		1
Surface Luminance (2D)	L_{WH}	350	420	--	cd/m ²	2
Surface Luminance (3D)/per eye	L_{WH}	100	125	--	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$	--	--	1.3		3
Response Time (G to G)	T_{γ}	--	5.5	--	Ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
3D cross talk (middle)		--	1%	3%		mid axis
3D cross talk (+/- 15 degrees vert)			< 10%			6
3D cross talk (+/- 50 degrees hori)			< 10%			6
Color Coordinates						
Red	R_x	Typ.-0.03	0.640	Typ.+0.03		
	R_y		0.330			
Green	G_x		0.310			
	G_y		0.620			
Blue	B_x		0.150			
	B_y		0.050			
White (2D)	W_x		0.280			
	W_y		0.290			
White (3D)	W_x		0.290			
	W_y		0.300			

Viewing Angle							5
x axis, right($\varphi=0^\circ$)	θ_r	--	89	--	degree		
x axis, left($\varphi=180^\circ$)	θ_l	--	89	--	degree		
y axis, up($\varphi=90^\circ$)	θ_u	--	89	--	degree		
y axis, down ($\varphi=270^\circ$)	θ_d	--	89	--	degree		

Note:

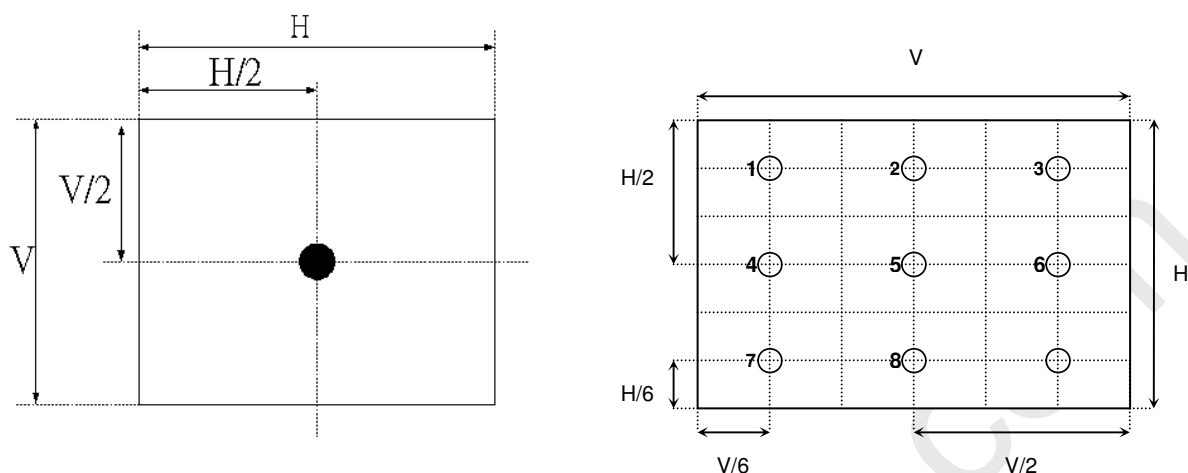
1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{\text{off5}}}$$

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current $I_H = 13.5\text{mA}$. $L_{\text{WH}} = L_{\text{on5}}$ where L_{on5} is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
3. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:
- $$\delta\text{WHITE(9P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}})$$
4. Response time T_γ is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on $F_v=60\text{Hz}$ to optimize.

Measured Response Time		Target				
		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Start	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.
6. head in 0 degrees vertical angle from mid axis

FIG. 2 Luminance

FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “any level of gray(bright)” and “any level of gray(dark)”.

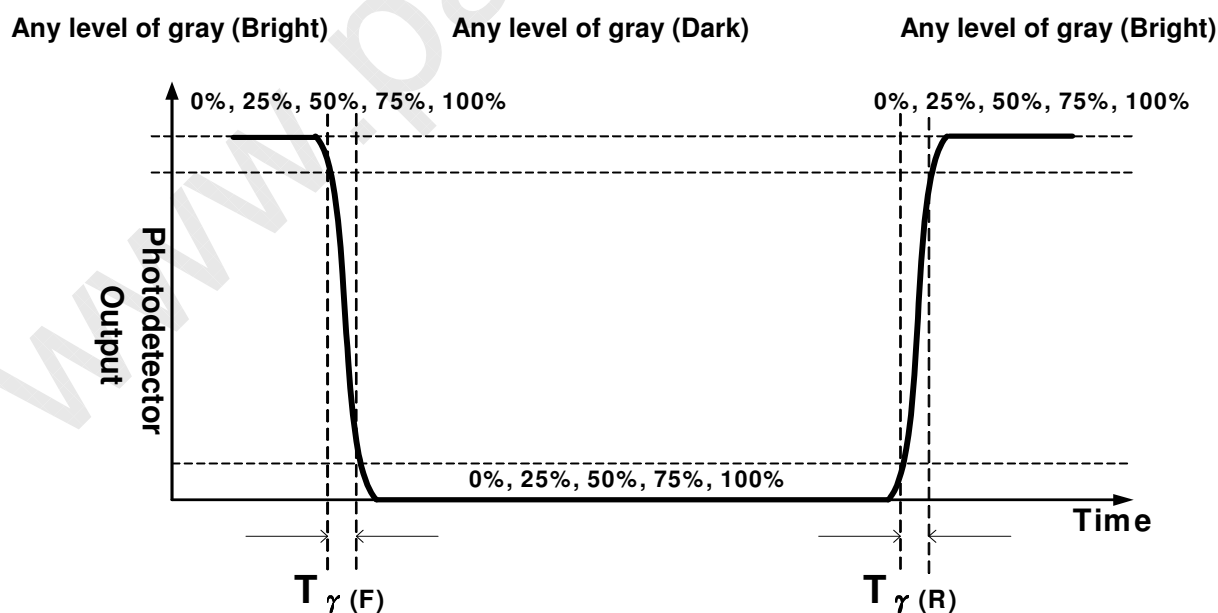
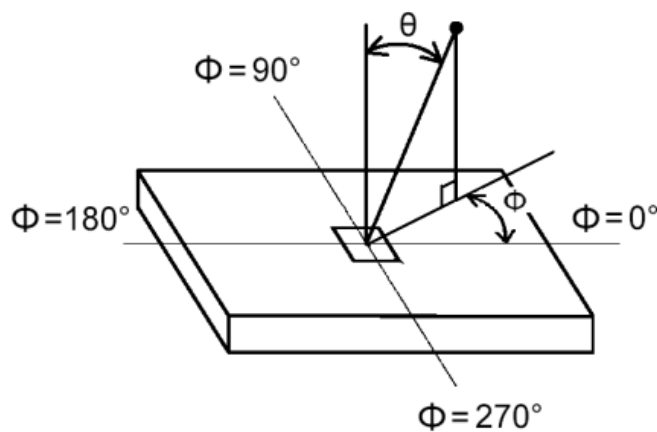


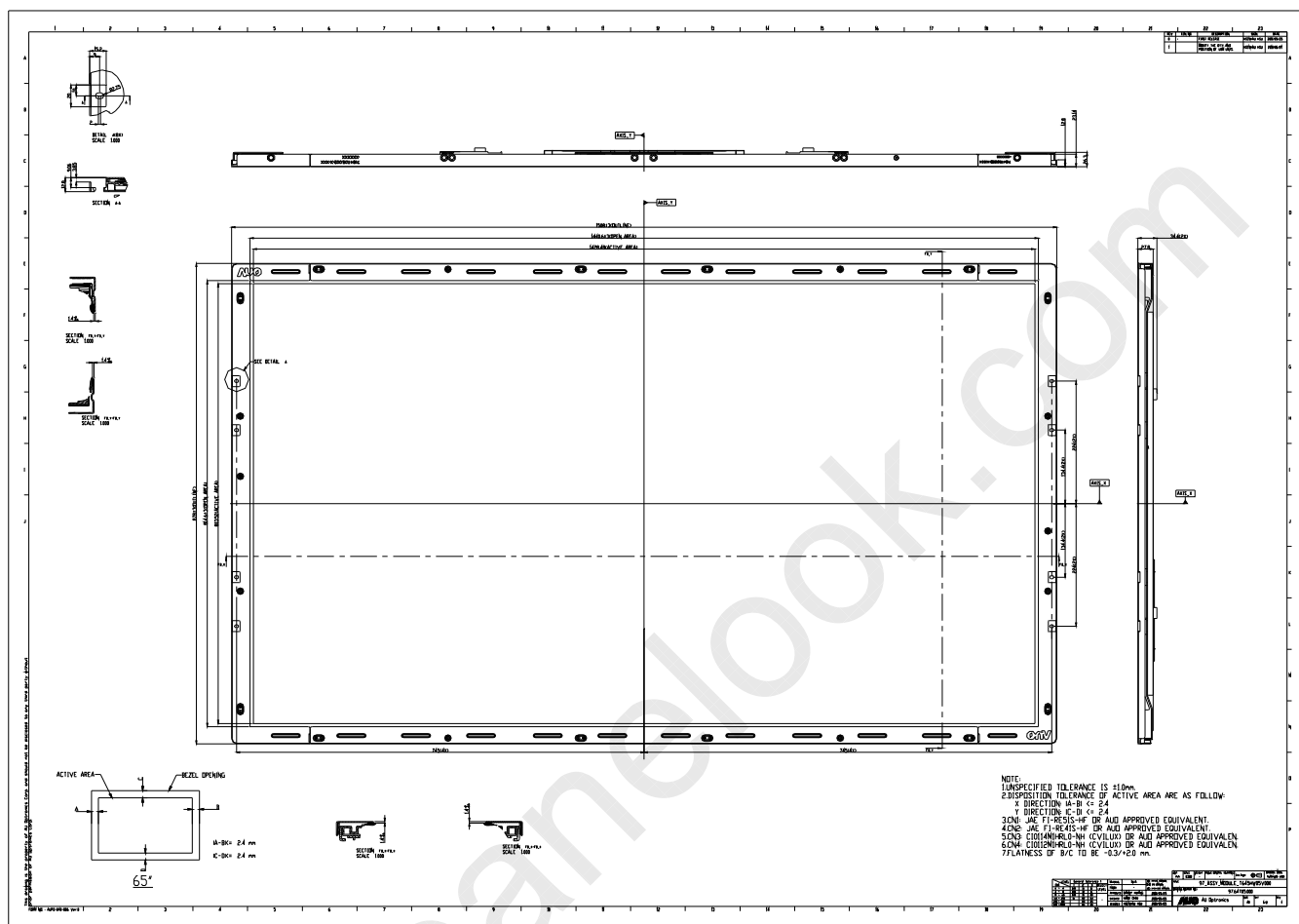
FIG.4 Viewing Angle

5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T645HW05 V0. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

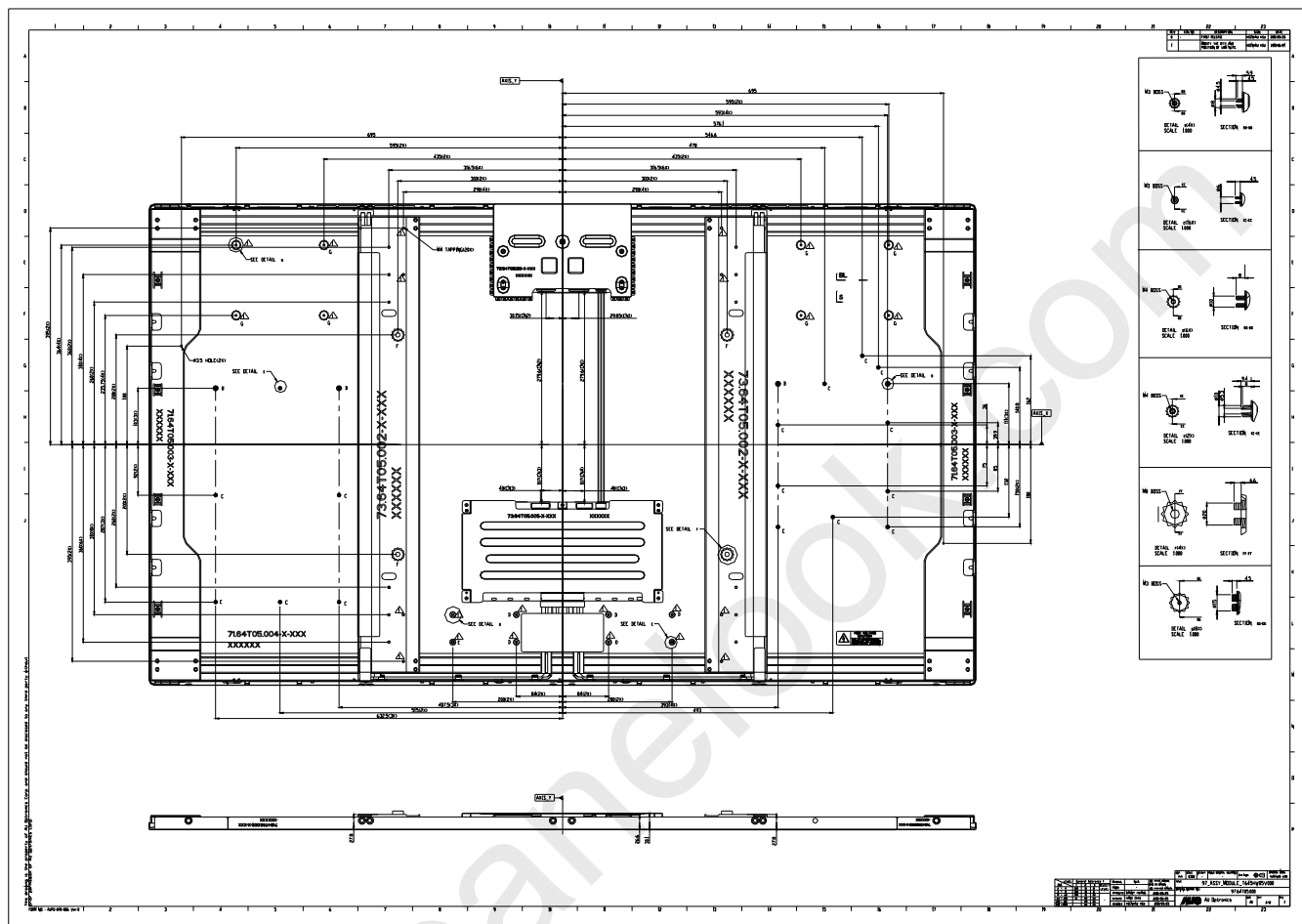
Outline Dimension	Horizontal	1508.0mm
	Vertical	878.0mm
	Depth	12.8mm (thinnest)
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	1440.6 mm
	Vertical	814.6 mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	1428.48 mm
	Vertical	803.52 mm
Weight	33,000 g (Typ.)	
Surface Treatment	HC, 3H	

Front View





Back View





6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60℃, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth: 10-300Hz Duration: X, Y, Z 10min One time for each direction
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Shock level: 30G Waveform: half sine wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction
7	Vibration test (With carton)	3	Random wave (1.05G RMS, 10-200Hz) 10mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
8	Drop test (With carton)	3	Height: 25.4 cm Direction: Only bottom flat (ASTMD4169-I)



7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

8. Packing

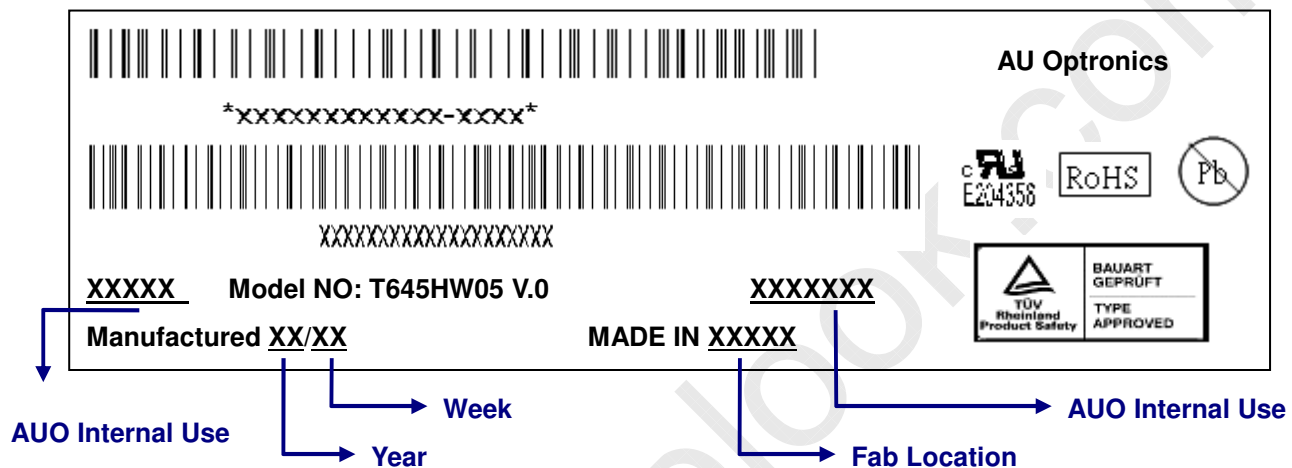
8-1 Definition of Label :

A. Panel Label:

XXXXXXXXXXXX-XXXX

Panel Unique ID

AUO Internal Use



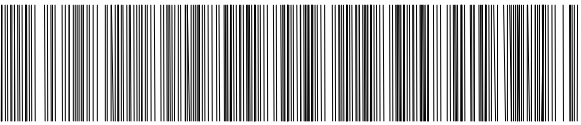
Green mark description

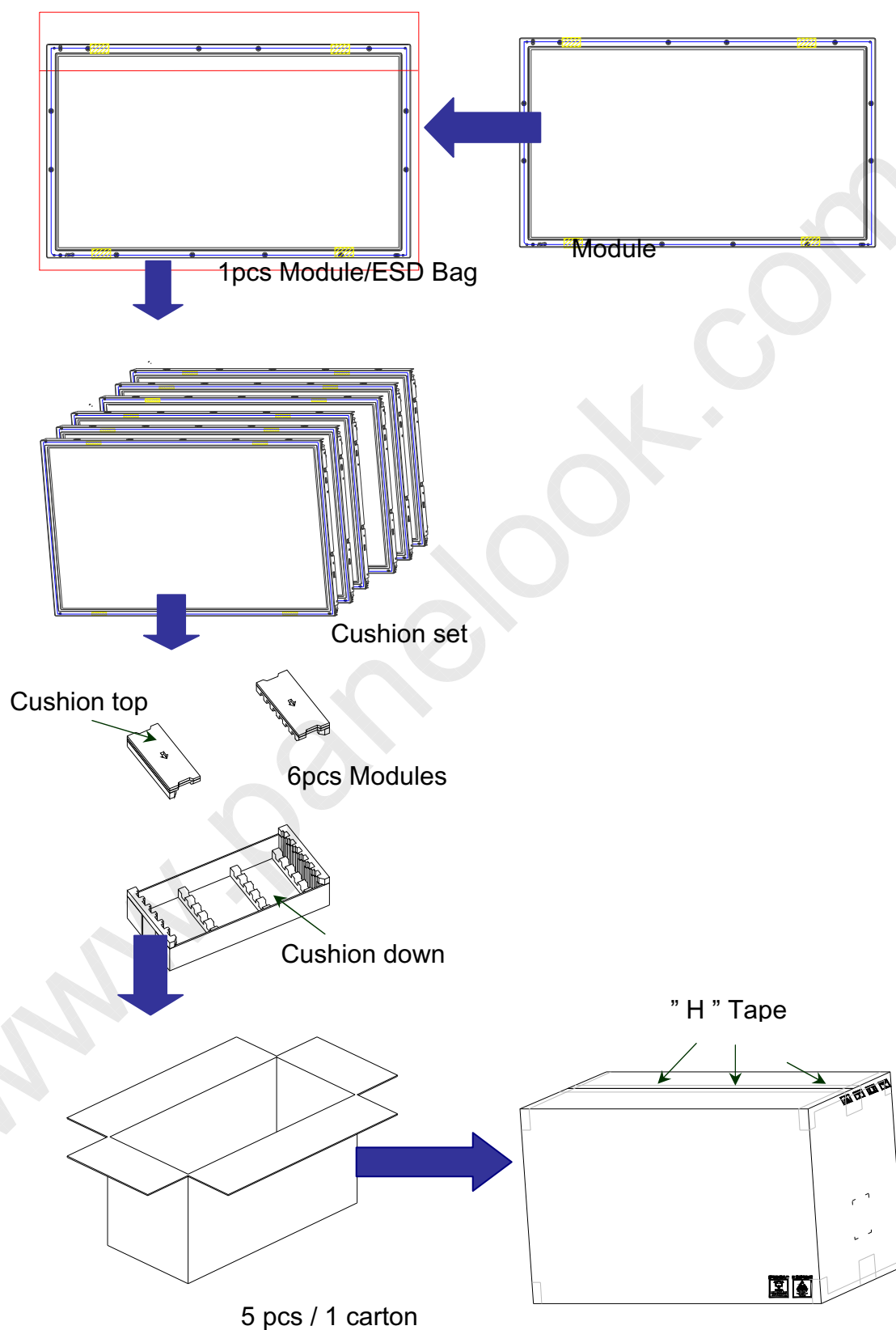
(1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add  for identification.

(2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add  for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

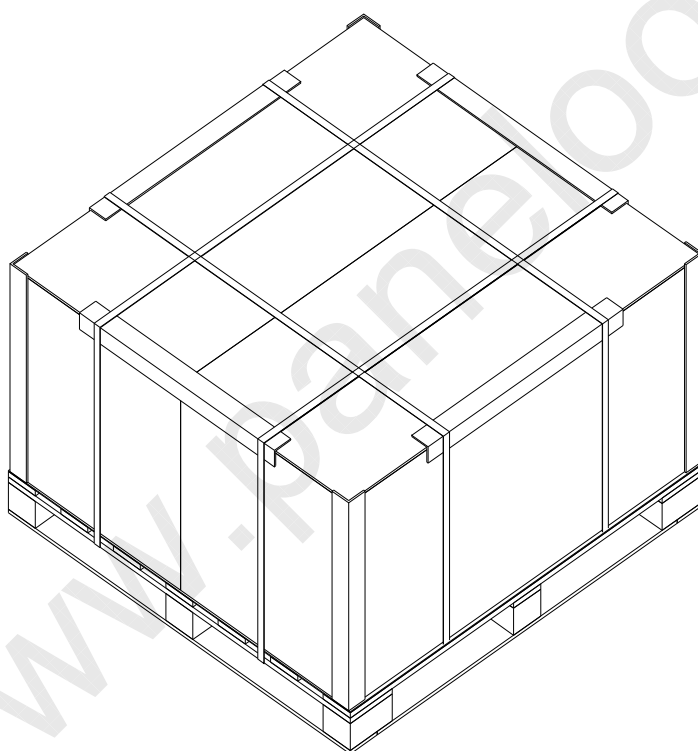
B. Carton Label:

AU Optonics	QTY :5		
MODEL NO: T645HW05 V0			
PART NO: 97.64T05.XXX			
CUSTOMER NO:			
CARTON NO:			
Made in XXXXXX	*XXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX*		

**8-2 Packing Methods:**

8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	Item	Specification			Packing Remark
		Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	
1	Packing Box	5pcs/box	1634(L)mm*555(W)mm*1035(H)mm	218	
2	Pallet	1	1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*132(H)mm	20	
3	Boxes per Pallet	2 boxes/Pallet (By Air) ; 2 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)			
4	Panels per Pallet	10 pcs/pallet(By Air) ; 10 pcs/Pallet (By Sea)			
5	Pallet after packing	10 (by Air)	1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*1167(H)mm	456(by Air)	
		20 (by Sea)	1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*2334(H)mm	912(by Sea)	40ft HQ



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage:
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall

be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.